

Crafting multisector coordination mechanisms to sustain national level action

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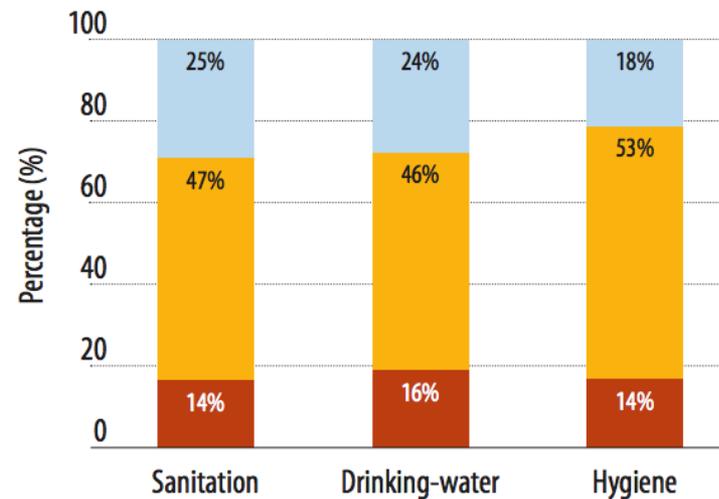
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Example from Myanmar and Cambodia

Figure 2. Status of national policies and plans on WASH in health care facilities

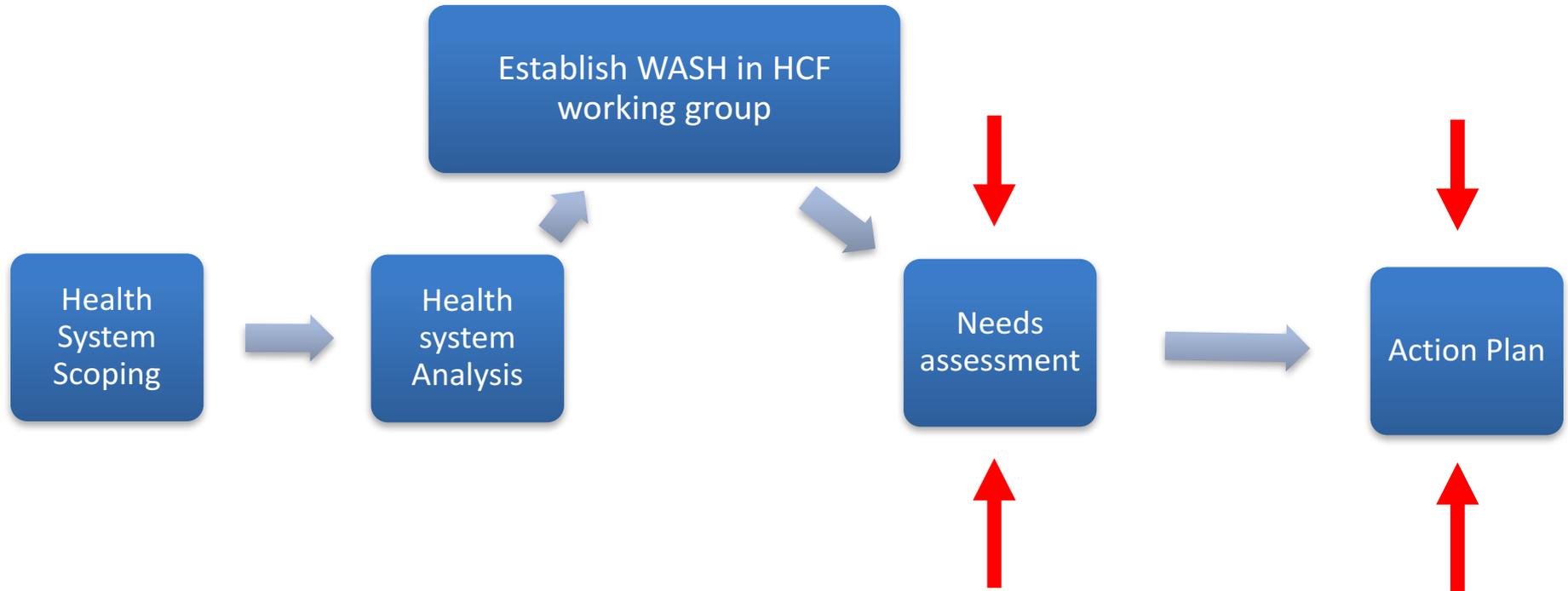
- Plan being fully implemented, with funding, and regularly reviewed
- Policy under development or only partially implemented
- No national policy



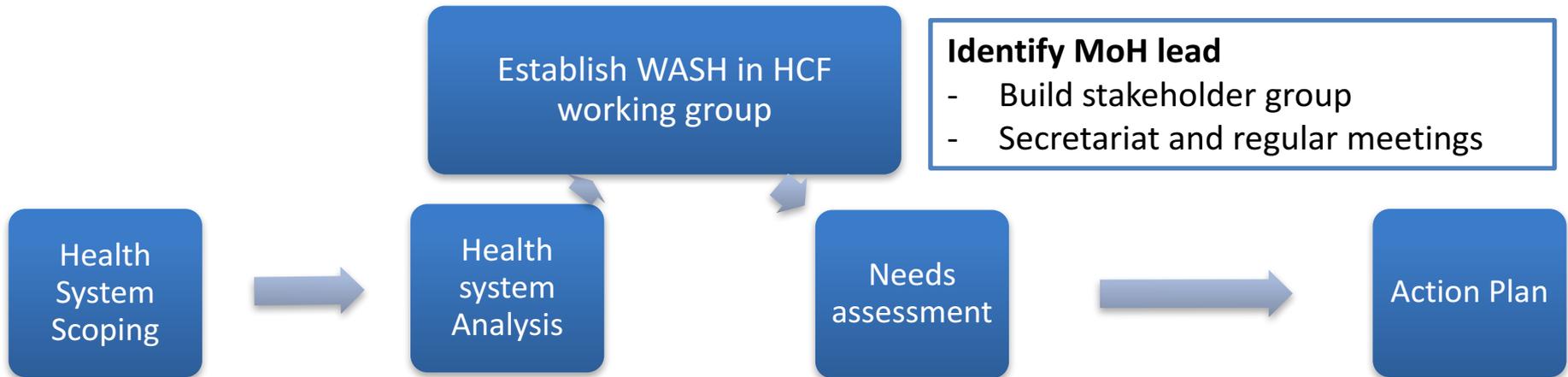
Source: GLAAS 2013/2014 country survey.

88 countries had data

Process – understand health system and political economy



Process – understand health system and political economy



Health overall

- Service delivery model
- Priorities and policy environment
- Policy milestones
- *Key actors and their roles*
- Health priorities
- *Political economy*

WASH in HCF

- Representation in policy, strategy and guidelines (and health priorities)
- *Roles and responsibilities in government*
- Existing assessments and monitoring mechanisms
- *Existing and potential actors and their roles*
- Health priorities and framing
- Bottlenecks and opportunities
- *Political economy*

Maternal and newborn health

Private sector providers

Health focussed NGOs

Health security

Antimicrobial Resistance

Quality Universal Health Coverage and Health financing

Donor and development partners

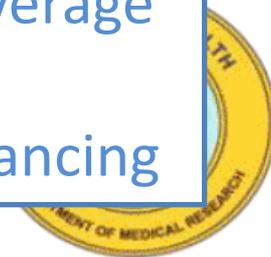


EMORY
ROLLINS
SCHOOL OF
PUBLIC
HEALTH

THE Soap Box
COLLABORATION



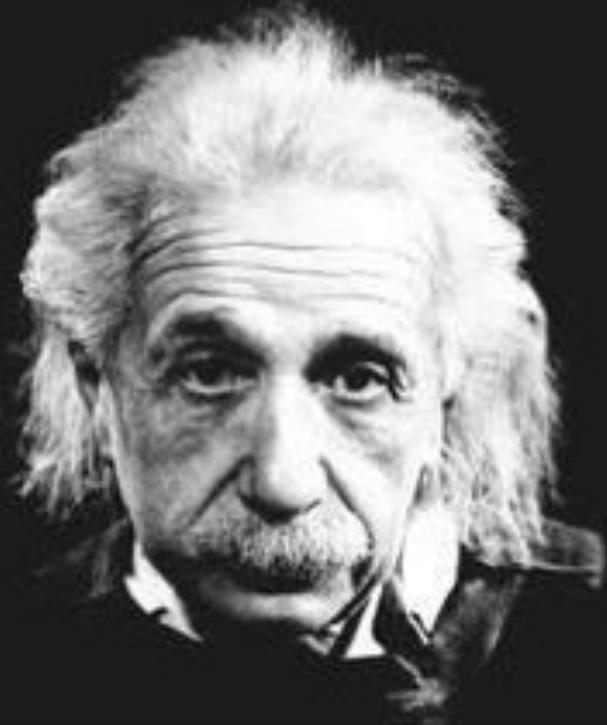
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cal Action.



Outcomes (Cambodia)

**"Not everything that
counts can be counted,
and not everything that
can be counted counts."**

-Albert Einstein



Outcomes (Cambodia)

TANGIBLE

- Health Strategic Plan 2016-2020
 - WASH in HCF indicators and targets
- National Baseline Assessment complete (JMP Indicators)
- Standards/guidelines under development
- WASH in Minimum Package of Activities
- WASH in Quality Improvement Mechanism
- WASH FIT pilot

Intangible

Retrospective reflective evaluation
*“Though the Ministry of Health (MoH) and donors had invested in improving water supply and basic infrastructure to facilities after HSP1, **WASH in health care facilities** (including water, sanitation, hygiene and waste management) **now commands a part of the MoH’s strategy and plans**, particularly those **related to infection prevention and control and quality of care**. WASH in health care facilities is now **recognised to be primarily the responsibility of the MoH** and is recognised in the new National Health Strategic Plan.”*

Outcomes (Cambodia)

Intangible - process

- Government as the lead
 - Strategy and system strengthening
 - Resource mobilization
 - Capacity building
- Collaboration
- Advocacy and technical support
- Trade off (speed vs support)
- Flexible funding
- Develop and expand local initiatives

Patience

Persistence

Pragmatism

Next steps

- Maintain and strengthen
- Knowledge, learning
- Costing and resource allocation
- Decision making and strategic alignment
- Continuing to influence other actors and their engagement

Thank you



Australian Government

Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

